

E. B. MURRAY, Editor.

THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1884.

TERMS: ONE YEAR, \$1.50.
SIX MONTHS, 75c.
Two Dollars if not paid in advance.

COL. AIKEN'S PARTING SHOT.

Col. Aiken informs us this week that he will not enter into a new paper controversy with us, and yet he attempts to avoid the issue he raised himself and present a new one. He began his correspondence upon the statement that we were making a platform for him which he did not occupy, and being driven from that position he has very little ground upon which to continue a controversy. The evidence against him is too complete to admit of question, and he naturally seeks to turn the issue upon us in another direction. We repeat that his article of last week did seek to misrepresent us, by charging that we had pinned our faith to Mr. Randall, when Col. Aiken knows, or ought to know, that we have done nothing of the kind. We do not believe that Col. Aiken intended to misrepresent us in this matter, but it was just a piece of inexcusable carelessness on his part, for the INTELLIGENCER is sent him regularly, and he either ought to read it or refrain from citing it with entertaining views which it has been combating. We presume Col. Aiken has not read the paper, or surely he would not have made such a loose statement.

Col. Aiken is likewise in error in saying that we have to resort to a letter of his four years old in order to attack his position of to-day. We dissent from his recent utterances favoring the formation of an independent party on national politics, and made no reference to his letters. We did say that his position of to-day was similar to his speech at Townville, and when Col. Aiken asserted that we were misrepresenting him, we published his letters to show that he not only held the views we attributed to him to-day, but that he had held substantially the same opinions for the past four years. Arguments are by no means scarce with which to attack the proposition to disrupt the National Democratic party, and form an independent party at the South. It is not necessary to go four years back to get them. The common sense of our people will repudiate such a position. We are not ready to "wipe out" the Democratic party.

Col. Aiken still thinks his prophecy that if Garfield was elected we would never have another Presidential election verged upon fulfillment. We do not think so. Garfield's administration was eminently conservative and republican in its tendencies. There is no chance of destroying the free institutions of America, to the extent of taking away from the people the election of their chief ruler. The tendency of the Republican party is to centralize the government to an extent detrimental to local government, but it would take very many years of Republican rule to take the right of election away from the people.

Col. Aiken is not more fortunate in his attack upon our tariff position. We favor a tariff for revenue, reduced to the lowest figure which will meet the necessary expenses of the government. This, we understand, is also his position. We do not disagree as to what ought to be done, but as to the best way to do it. Col. Aiken thinks everything ought to be made subservient to the tariff issue, and believes that the minority can reform it. We do not think so. There is no instance on record, with which we are acquainted, in which a political party which instituted a measure has allowed the opposing minority to make a great reform in that measure. The Republican party passed the present tariff act. President Arthur approved it. They have the Senate, and it would have been useless for the House of Representatives to have sent a bill to the Senate which was sure to be defeated. We had the Republicans on the defensive as to the tariff before the present agitation. They now have us on the defensive. We have lost some advantage in the fight. We have divided the sentiment of our own party, and have consolidated the Republican. We do not think the tariff the first point of attack, as we regard administrative reform of more immediate promise. The tariff, in our opinion, will not be reformed until the Democrats get into power, and therefore anything which delays Democratic ascendancy delays tariff revision. For that reason we favor the nomination of the most available candidate, and when we get into power it will be easier to make the necessary reforms in our governmental expenses.

Col. Aiken likewise, if we mistake not, is in error as to Mr. Tilden's views. The platform of 1876, upon which Mr. Tilden ran, declared in favor of a tariff for revenue only. That is not a protective tariff. The fact that Mr. Tilden is a friend of Mr. Randall's does not make him a high tariff Democrat. Col. Aiken once said in a speech that the Republicans of the North were more congenial to his tastes than the Democrats, but he would feel greatly aggrieved if any person were to declare that he is a Republican; and yet he attempts to make Mr. Tilden responsible for his friend Mr. Randall's opinions. We are not attempting to paddle Mr. Tilden's canoe. That is being efficiently done by able and stronger hands than ours. We have merely recorded passing events on this subject, and expressed the opinion that from these events Mr. Tilden was the coming man. We, of course, had nothing to do with forming those events.

Col. Aiken admits that no Northern Democrat has bolted a caucus, therefore there is no case of a majority yielding to a minority. Individual members upon different questions have voted as they please, and no Democrat has exercised this privilege often than Col. Aiken. He, therefore, is not consistent in criticizing Mr. Randall for voting as he pleases where the party has not acted by caucus mandate. As an instance of this inconsistency, the link he so severely dried upon Col. Aiken's denunciations of Mr. Randall and the thirty-eight Democrats who voted against the other Democrats on the tariff bill before Col. Aiken and thirty-two Demo-

crats voted with the Republicans against the other Democrats in the election contest of English vs. Peale, from Indiana. The Democrats generally voted to seat English, but Col. Aiken and thirty-two Democrats voted to seat the Republican Peale, so that English was only seated by a bare majority. We do not know who was right in this matter, and do not mean to criticize Col. Aiken's vote, but we do mean to argue that every time a member of the Democratic party votes differently from his colleagues it is no reason to favor breaking up the party.

We have no sympathy with the sentiment which seeks to place Gen. Grant on the retired list of the army—particularly at this time. It is true that Gen. Grant has been a conspicuous character in our history, and that he has rendered valuable services to the Union, but he has been well paid for all that he has done. He was at the head of our army, and had he retained his position would, in the nature of things, have been retired at the proper time as Gen. Sherman has been. But Gen. Grant deliberately gave up his position for the Presidency, and knew when he did it that he chose between the steady and certain life of an army officer for the uncertainties of political life. He succeeded in political life as far as any man has ever succeeded. He was twice elected President. This is all the recognition which the country ever gave to Washington. He was not replaced upon the army list and retired, nor was a sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars raised for him as has been done for Gen. Grant. This is not a country of hero-worshippers, and therefore there is neither policy nor necessity to urge this unusual step in Gen. Grant's behalf. He is not in want, for he has the income from two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, besides considerable property which is in his wife's name. Therefore, while it would not be seriously felt, yet as a matter of principle we believe it is wrong to take the people of this country to enable him to live in further luxury. In addition to this, the present is an inopportune time for such action.

It is true that Gen. Grant has recently lost heavily in his New York banking business, but by lending the use of his name to that business he inspired the trust which has swept away the scanty earnings of hundreds of poor people. The business of his bank was a swindle and fraud, if the statements made in the papers are true. His managing partner has been arrested, and is in jail in New York now for alleged frauds upon customers in the conduct of the business. It is true that Gen. Grant is not proven to have been an active participant in those frauds, but it was his duty to have known the character of the business that was being conducted in his name. He drew three thousand dollars per month out of it, and nothing but carelessness of the grossest kind could have prevented his knowledge of the business. Any sentimental gush over him, therefore, strikes us as out of place. The men and women, who were induced by the reputation of a great man to trust his bank and put their toiled for earnings into that bank from which Gen. Grant and his son each drew thirty-six thousand dollars a year, are more to be pitied than the well provided for man who has been the recipient of a considerable portion of these sums of money which these trusting dealers with his bank has lost. In our opinion, Congress would do the proper thing by denying the bill for retiring Gen. Grant with pay upon the army list.

The *News and Courier*, replying to our article on Mr. Tilden, says:

"The INTELLIGENCER admits that Mr. Tilden 'is not the first choice of the people of South Carolina,' but it believes him to be the strongest man in the Democratic party, and that the people of the South will cheerfully support him if nominated, and further, that he will be nominated in Chicago and triumphantly elected in November. The INTELLIGENCER says: 'If we are correct, we would suggest to our Charleston friend that he had better accept the nomination gracefully, and not assume a position of advantage of the canvass which may injure our usefulness in it. For this reason, it would be as well to express any opinions which may be quoted against us this summer.' The course that our friend advises, if followed, would absolutely prevent a frank discussion of the merits of candidates for a nomination. When the *News and Courier* thinks that any person who is talked about as a candidate is an unfit person to be nominated, it will say candidly that, in its opinion, he is unfit, and will do its best to prove him to be so. There is no other way that we know of save the party from making unwelcome nominations. There is no other way to enlighten the people so that they and their delegates may make a wise choice. Another thing is certain. Under no circumstances will the *News and Courier* retract or modify any statement that it has said concerning Mr. Tilden's personal or political attributes.

The position of our contemporary is correct, from its standpoint, for it does not believe that Mr. Tilden can be or ought to be nominated. It is proper, therefore, for it to oppose such nomination as strongly as possible in the interest of what it believes to be best for the party and the country. Our idea came from the standpoint that Mr. Tilden is the strongest man in the Democratic party, and that his nomination can only be defeated by his death or positive refusal to serve. If correct, then our position would follow. The *News and Courier* disputes the correctness of our view, and presents its side very strongly in several articles opposing Mr. Tilden's nomination. In the meantime, State after State is declaring for the "Old Ticket," and we will soon see who is right.

The Court of General Sessions for Chesterfield County convened on last Monday, and great interest was felt in its growing out of the pending indictment of Col. Aiken as an accessory after the fact in the killing of Richards. The Solicitor declined giving out a bill in the case at this term of Court, and nothing was done in it—the understanding being that the Solicitor will hand out a bill at the next term of the Court. We hope the prosecution of Col. Aiken will be continued. He is an old man, and certainly the grief caused him by the tragic and of his son, is punishment enough for his part in the Richards killing. The majesty of the law has been fully vindicated, and no substantial good will be derived from a further prosecution.

Mr. Tilden is an old man, it is true, but he is not as old as Mr. Gladstone, who is now at the head of the English Government. He has palsy, it is true, but palsy, while annoying, is not like paralysis, destructive of mental power and physical action. Mr. Tilden is not, in other words, as vigorous as he was ten or twenty years ago, but he has sufficient vigor left to be the strongest man in the Democratic party before the country to-day. We believe he will be nominated and elected President this year.

A meeting professing to be composed of the business men of New York was held in that city last week and endorsed President Arthur's administration, and urged his re-nomination by the Republicans. Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was one of the leading speakers on the occasion. This is a pretty good start for Mr. Arthur, but it remains yet to be seen whether the Republican convention will endorse these business men, and if so, whether the country will endorse the Republican party. Without these latter endorsements the New York meeting will not be of practical value to Mr. Arthur.

The *New York Herald*, speaking of the Tilden boom, says:

"Tilden, with some good Western man for the second place, is a ticket to which there could be but little reasonable objection. Several other democrats would, in our opinion, be preferable, and one of these is Mr. Bayard; but we see no good ground for protest against the popular boom for the old ticket. Mr. Tilden's age is not a fact against him. There was President France at a greater age, and a successful President, too, though he had to be handled by his attendants as much as a child as is required for Mr. Tilden, and was put to bed two or three times a day to husband his failing strength. If Mr. Tilden should be elected and should live through his term, he would be a good President. If he died while in office he would be succeeded by one designated with particular reference to that contingency, and the policy of the party would be safe. There can be no popular apprehension touching that sort of succession while the striking success of Mr. Arthur is fresh in the common remembrance.

Virginia, Nebraska and New Hampshire have been added to the Tilden States. "The Old Ticket on the Old Platform" is the only hope for the Democracy this year.

COL. AIKEN'S REJOINER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23, 1884.

DEAR SIR: I will not enter into a newspaper controversy with you, but if you will reconcile the inconsistency of your tariff platform, I will know better how to reply to any attack you may make upon me in the future.

You advocate Mr. Tilden, but are opposed to Mr. Randall. Mr. Randall is an avowed protective Democrat, and if he does not reflect Mr. Tilden's views on this subject, the entire 48th Congress is deceived. You can't paddle Mr. Tilden's canoe and leave Mr. Randall behind, for they are both in the same boat.

You must be hard up for an argument when you have to resort to a letter of mine four years old to attack my position of to-day. Why did you not reply to my letter of May 17th, 1884, published in your last issue?

Recall the tragic event of July, 1881, and tell me if my prophecy made four years ago did not verge upon fulfillment? Giteau's bullet electrified the country and changed the entire phase of national affairs.

You charge me wrongfully when you say I attempted to misrepresent you. I never did and never will. But you speak the truth, I suppose, for I seldom attend caucuses, where you say no Northern Democrat ever bolted a caucus. Why should they? They are always in the minority, and we, the majority, follow in their lead.

Very respectfully,

D. WYATT AIKEN.

MAJ. E. B. MURRAY, Anderson, S. C., Robbed of our Shad.

MR. EDITOR: You copy from the *Greenville News* a statement which ought to be very gratifying, that the Superintendent of the U. S. Fish Hatchery Establishment at Washington is sending a supply of shad for the Saluda, Seneca and Tugalo Rivers, so that in three years the rivers of South Carolina will be well stocked with this delicious fish.

This leads me to enquire of you, Mr. Editor, for you can surely tell the whole story, why it is that we have not our natural supply of this delicious fish? We are all busy making ponds for the far inferior fish, and sleeping over the fact that we are being robbed year by year of our natural supply of shad. We were told long since that the catfish in the Savannah River (placed by the City of Augusta) which prevented the return of the shad annually from the ocean to our waters, had been removed. But it cannot have been removed, else we had this year our supply of this delicious fish, worth any one of them, two or three German carp. And what, then, of the money paid by Georgia, and what of the satisfaction alleged to have been expressed by our Commissioner with the fish-wary erected? There are ugly stories afloat, Mr. Editor, and it would be a good thing to have light cast on this who's subject.

If I am not mistaken, the young shad must gradually find its way down to the ocean when it will return in a season to cast its spawn in the up-country rivers. It will, I apprehend, be quite useless to put any young fish in the waters of the Savannah River if they either cannot go down past Augusta or come up past Augusta when they are ready for their return.

May we not ask you, Mr. Editor, to ventilate this subject, involving millions of dollars to these upper Counties of South Carolina and Georgia?

UP-COUNTRYMAN.

Presidential Pedestrianism.

ELMIRA, N. Y., May 21.—Ralph Beaumont, of Indiana, President of the Knights of Labor, will make a tour of the country on foot from Maine to California. He will start from Bangor, July 2d, and expects to make up, during twenty miles daily, delivering a lecture every night at some town on the route on the labor and anti-monopoly question. He will advocate the claims of Benjamin F. Butler for the support of the independent voters as the Presidential candidate. Beaumont expects to reach California before the close of the campaign.

The World's Industrial Fair.

The Columbia Register, of the 22nd inst., says:

Mr. L. L. Roche, of the Department of Agriculture, arrived in the city last night to confer with the Commissioner of Agriculture, Colonel A. P. Butler, as to details of preparation for the State's exhibit at New Orleans. Matters were progressing favorably, even while moving somewhat in the dark, but now that Congress has granted a loan of \$1,000,000 to the Directors of the Exposition, the work of collecting exhibits will move forward with gigantic strides.

Arrangements will be made for townships to exhibit their products, and will be attended by Mr. Roche, and other energetic agents will also be in the field.

Many of the County papers are urging the importance of immediate action in their respective localities, and insist that, so far as the time is made selections of berries, fruits, grain, etc., and to take special pains in the development of the best soil can produce.

In the woods, minerals, fish and other exhibits which can be procured in any season, the earliest selections possible should be made, as such exhibits will require preparation and preservation, which involves time and labor in proper accomplishment.

The State Department of Agriculture is prepared to furnish any information desired as to exhibits, and will take the greatest pleasure in assisting those who apply for plans.

To-day what interesting news elsewhere. Mexico has appropriated \$200,000. General Diaz heads a commission comprised of her best citizens, and many of the States of Mexico are subscribing \$5,000 and \$10,000 each toward a Mexican expedition. They are to be sent to the main building, 200,000 feet for garden, and declare they will surprise the world. Central America republics are evincing a like interest.

Agencies will be opened during this week in all of the cities of Europe. The low excursion rate of one cent per mile secured by written agreements with railroad companies embracing over 160 lines, extending throughout the United States and extending into Europe, will exert a great influence in nationalizing the Exposition and in promoting its financial success.

Proportionally low rates are made for all of the ten States adjacent to New Orleans, and reduced rates are being made for excursions. Arrangements are being perfected for special excursion rates on steamship lines from all foreign ports, also for round trip tickets to be sold at all principal points throughout the world.

A Bid For Votes.

DETROIT, May 24.—The *Evening Journal* of this city publishes this afternoon the following letter from Gen. Butler, giving explicit utterance to his views on the tariff question.

Boston, Mass., May 19, 1884.—To C. M. Hubbard, Managing Editor *Detroit Evening Journal*.—Dear Sir: There is so evident good faith in your communication to me that I have no hesitations in answering specific questions as to my political views on specific subjects. Perhaps upon the subject of the tariff I can give them in a word, for I never have concealed them. We cannot have free trade in this country. However, theoretically it would be, our country is so large, our interests so vast, and so much is to be done by the General Government, that for a series of years we must raise hundreds of millions of dollars by taxation of some sort. The only constitutional taxation I know of is a direct tax in proportion to the number of inhabitants of the State. The genius of our people will not permit that direct taxation, and therefore indirect taxation must be resorted to. From the beginning of the Government to this time taxation by duties on imported articles has always been the resort of our Government, except in times of war. For a limited period other methods of taxation have been tried because the duties on imports were insufficient. Therefore the raising of a sufficient amount of revenue for an economical administration of the Government has been secured from the duties upon imports, and in laying those duties to tax all articles of luxury up to collection point; to make free all materials not raised or produced in this country, and therefore indirect taxation also devotes the taxes upon whiskey and tobacco to a fund to pay the remaining debt of the war only, to wit, to pensions and the care of soldiers disabled by the war.

Do not think that I need make any further statements upon this topic. I am, very truly yours, BENJ. F. BUTLER.

—A heifer calf five weeks old is walking around on six legs in Union county, Ky.

—Mr. W. H. Burditt, the oldest citizen of Oceone County, died on the 20th instant, in the 108th year of his age.

—Sitting Bull has sold himself to a circus for \$50 a week, and the pride which once sat upon his brow is departed forever.

—J. W. Brewer, who shot and killed James E. Hughes in Oceone County, has been sentenced by Judge Cochran in the sum of \$1,500.

—The people of Chatham County, Ga., are wise enough to get some good out of a convict labor. The swamp lands of the County are being drained by convicts—thus adding to the wealth and resources of the County.

—On Saturday night last Deputy Marshal M. H. Bryce and posse captured the Long Creek section of Oceone County illicit distillery, together with about 300 gallons of beer or mash, which were destroyed.

—A child of John T. Hayden, a Chester policeman, had been shrouded for burial, having apparently died in the morning. At 8 o'clock in the evening signs of life began to manifest themselves, and later on the infant was able to receive its nourishment. The doctor pronounced it a trance.

—Life insurance companies make a discrimination against the negro on the theory that his life is shorter than that of the white man. Some experts believe that the negro is longer lived than the white man. The Massachusetts Legislature passed a bill forbidding such distinction; but Governor Robinson hesitates to append his signature.

—The Governor has offered a reward of \$150 for the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties unknown guilty of burning the public bridge across Calabazas Creek, the dwelling house of H. R. Gilbert and the gin house of John E. Bradley, all in Abbeville County, on or about the 14th of the present month. The above reward is supplementary to that of \$150 offered by the County Commission of Abbeville.

—Malcolm Calder, aged about thirty-two years, died a few weeks ago, near Green Swamp. We have just learned that the cause of his death was that he had not eaten any flour in a considerable length of time, and had become emaciated, and he purchased about ten pounds, and when he reached home with his purchase he devoured seventeen biscuits, (nearly all the flour, ten pounds) of a large size, which was undoubtedly the cause of his death.

—Four hundred thousand alligators, it is estimated, were killed in Florida during the past year, to supply the demand for alligator skin articles of all kinds, besides articles of jewelry manufactured from the hide. This new business gives employment to over 2,000 people in the south. There are over a dozen tanneries in the United States engaged exclusively in tanning these hides. The teeth are in demand in England and France, where they are manufactured into jewelry.

—A singular accident happened to a cow belonging to Mr. R. S. Wright, of Johnston, Edgefield County, one day last week. She "poked" her tongue through a crack in the stable door in search of food, when a horse seized it with his teeth and bit off a goodly portion, which he carefully deposited in the trough. In his contact with the tongue it was drawn up where the aperture in the door was smaller and became fastened. Then the cow pulled back and the tongue parted at the point where it joins to the jaw.

Great Bargains in Dry Goods. Just received a new stock, White Linens, and the cheapest goods ever offered. Yard-wide Bleachings, 10c. Mullins, 5c. to 8c. Points, 5c. to 7c. Fans, Parasols, Corsets, Laces, Embroideries, Gloves, etc. All at low prices. We invite every lady to call at our store, and see our new goods and prices, which we have cleared about the very lowest during the dull season. Come and see, whether you buy or not. We will be glad to see you. Respectfully, O. F. JOHNS & CO.

Bring your sweetheart and enjoy with her a glass of Wilbitt's Aromatic Soda Water. You feel like wearing your winter clothes after drinking Wilbitt's Soda Water. Go to Wilbitt's Cold Drink Store and get a glass of ice cold Congress Water and you will find it the most palatable tonic in your youth due to indigestion. Gen'l's approval.

Congress Water relieves the discomforts of indigestion, such as flatulence, headache, heartburn, &c., at Wilbitt's.

Hydrophobic Inoculation.

LONDON, May 19.—Prof. Pasteur, claimed to-day before the French Academy, that he has discovered a specific for the prevention of rabies in the human being, the remedy being inoculation of the person with virus originally taken from a rabid animal and weakened by a process of attenuation through other animals of inferior size and lower vitality. It is reported that the Professor proved his devotion to science and his faith in the efficacy of his discovery by experimenting upon himself by first inducing a mild form of rabies by inoculation, and then allowing himself to be bitten by a rabid dog.

M. Pasteur, in the conclusion of his essay, urged the Academy to memorialize the Government to appoint an efficient commission to thoroughly investigate the subject by means of experiments upon voluntary subjects or condemned prisoners.

It Goes Hard With Grant.

NEW YORK, May 24.—A Washington special says that a gentleman who saw General Grant in this city last week, declares that he is utterly broken down by the disclosures which have followed the failure of the firm in which he was interested, and that the shock has shortened his life by ten years. He talks freely about it to his personal friends, but keeps himself secluded and fears that he has lost the respect and confidence of the country. The general admits that some of his friends came to him months ago and warned him that Ward was an adventurer and was using his name in an improper way, but his confidence in the young man was so great that he refused to believe them. He said he was so sensitive about the matter that he does not read the newspapers and knows but little of the magnitude of failure or the extent of Ward's frauds.

Killed by the Bite of a Snake.

BRANESBURG, May 19.—On last Wednesday night the little daughter of Mr. Thompson, eight years old, about four miles below here, was bitten by a snake in the following singular manner: The child was lying in bed with its mother and called to her and said that something had bitten her, but she had pulled it off. The mother and child got up and procured a lip, and on examination a little blood was seen on the child's toe and lip, and on going to the bed discovered writhing on a pillow about eight inches long, and about the size of a snake, the entire tail part had been eaten off evidently by a cat and brought on the bed. The child suffered intensely, and at 10 o'clock the next morning it was dead. One of their cats had been known to bring in the house a living portion of a snake on a former occasion. A gentleman living near here tells me that a cat on his place was addicted to the same thing.

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—An illustration of the power of dynamite was given at Ithica, N. Y., on Tuesday. Five and a half pounds of it was exploded under a brick smoke stack weighing 100 tons. The mass of masonry was lifted bodily in the air and a stone weighing 50 pounds was hurled against a maple tree 100 yards away shattering the trunk.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Office of Representatives. The numerous friends of Col. JOSEPH N. BROWN announce him as a candidate for the Legislature from Anderson County at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of GEORGE E. FURBER, Esq., announce him as a candidate for the House of Representatives, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For School Commissioner. The friends of S. P. TATE, Esq., respectfully announce him as a suitable candidate for the office of School Commissioner at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

TO THE VOTERS OF ANDERSON COUNTY: Grateful for the confidence reposed in me hitherto, and hoping to merit the same in the future, I announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of School Commissioner at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of Col. J. G. CLINKSCALES, of Williamson, respectfully announce him as a suitable man for the office of School Commissioner of Anderson County at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For County Commissioner. The many friends of Col. JOSHUA JAMESON, of Garlin township, respectfully announce him as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of Mr. W. J. ROHNS, of Garlin township, respectfully announce him as a suitable candidate for County Commissioner at the approaching election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

MR. ANDREW O. NORRIS is respectfully nominated by his friends as a suitable candidate for County Commissioner at the approaching election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of JOHN L. GLENN, of Fork Township, respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are requested to announce that J. A. HALL is a candidate for County Commissioner at the ensuing election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce C. B. F. DUNCAN as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner at the ensuing election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of Capt. DAVID OWEN, of Hopewell Township, respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of T. M. NELSON, of Savannah Township, respectfully announce him as a candidate for County Commissioner at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Coroner. The many friends of J. WILLET PREVOST respectfully announce him as a candidate for Coroner of Anderson County at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of R. Y. H. NANCE, respectfully nominate him as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Anderson County at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Sheriff. The friends of JOHN H. JONES, of Varennes Township, respectfully announce him as a suitable man for the office of Sheriff of Anderson County at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of WM. L. BOLT, of Hopewell Township, respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Anderson County at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of JAMES H. MCCONNELL, respectfully announce him as a candidate for election to the office of Sheriff of Anderson County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of B. F. DACUS respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Anderson County at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The friends of Capt. C. B. BAXBY, Esq., leave to announce him as a candidate for Sheriff of Anderson County at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Clerk of Court. The friends of C. M. P. TRIBBLE respectfully announce him as a candidate for Clerk of Court at the next election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of JOHN W. DANIELS, Esq., announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Court for Anderson County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For County Treasurer. The many friends of Mr. D. H. RUSSELL, respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the action of the Democratic party.